Summer term 1	Art: Super Sculptures		Year 2	W
What I already know:	Sticky knowledge:		Key Vocabulary	1
<ul> <li>I have learnt about lots of different materials and what they are used for in my science lessons in Year 2.</li> <li>I know that some materials are more suitable than others to</li> </ul>	A <u>sculpture</u> is where plastic or hard materials, like wood, stone, or metal, are shaped into 3D objects. A <u>Sculptor</u> is the name given to the type of artist who makes sculptures. Sculptors use light, shape and colour to create interesting effects.	h f c V u t	<b>Nannequin</b> - a dummy of the uman body. They can be ound in shops displaying lothes. Vooden mannequins can be sed by artists to help with heir drawings and culptures.	T
make an object. • I know the difference between 2D and 3D.	Some sculptures are kinetic. This means they can mov	a 6 9	<b>Nobile</b> - It usually hangs from nd can turn around in the air F <b>lass maker</b> - Some sculptors lass and decorate and shape make a sculpture.	r. 5 make the



A sculpture called 'Angel of the North' in England. It was sculpted by Anthony Gormley.

## Famous sculptors and their sculptures



Barbara Hepworth has lots of sculptures with inside and outside spaces.



Henry Moore is a very famous sculptor. There is a museum with lots of his sculptures in.



Alexander Calder made sculptures called mobiles.



Dale Chihuly is a glass sculptor.