

Our Lady's Catholic Primary School - Knowledge Organiser

Science	Water Cycle	Year 4
<p><u>Vocabulary:</u></p> <p>Evaporate: The process by which water changes from a liquid to a gas or vapour</p> <p>Vapour: The is the gaseous phase of water.</p> <p>Condensation: The process by which water vapour in the air is changed into liquid water.</p> <p>Precipitation: When water is released from clouds in the form of rain, freezing rain, sleet, snow, or hail.</p> <p>Transpiration: the release of water from plant leaves</p> <p>Runoff: water "running off" the land surface</p> <p><u>Sticky Knowledge</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To understand the part played by evaporation in the water cycle. To understand the role of condensation withing the water cycle. To be able to associate the rate of evaporation with temperature. 	<p><u>Images of the Water Cycle</u></p>	<p><u>Key information</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water never leaves the Earth, it simply moves around the 'water cycle'. The water cycle follows the journey of water from oceans to clouds to rain to streams to rivers and back into the ocean. The water cycle involves the scientific processes of evaporation and condensation and is also known as the hydrologic cycle ('hydro' means water in Greek).
	<p><u>What should I already know</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clouds form when warm, moist air is cooled. Heat from the sun evaporates water. Water evaporates into the air, turning into a gas called vapour 	